

Essentials of O&S Cost Estimation

DoD Cost Analysis Symposium

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3 February 1999



Fundamental Shift in How the Department Views Operating & Support Costs

- Milestone Decisions for Acquisition Programs
 - Emphasis placed on Modernization
 - Estimates represent Static Points in time
 - Focus is on Affordability given Budget Constraints

- Total Ownership of Cost (TOC) Initiatives
 - Emphasis placed on Fielded Systems
 - Estimates represent Dynamic Baselines
 - Focus is on How to Influence the Budget
 - Establish Baseline and Implement Metrics

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Recent Changes to Consider

- Transition from Organic Support to Contractor Logistics Support
- Focus on Commercial Management
- Emphasis on Price-Based Acquisition
- Activity Based Costing Initiatives

Core Foundation for Cost Visibility

- •Visibility and Management of Operating & Support Costs (VAMOSC): provides a "product oriented" view of cost ~direct & some indirect costs of weapon systems.
- •Activity-Based Costing/Management (ABC/M): provides a "functionally oriented" view of costs to enable better understanding of infrastructure and other indirect costs.

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Considerations for an Operating & Support Cost Baseline

- Measurement of Baseline
 - Static Point
 - SAR (based on earlier MS decision)
 - CAIG O&S Estimate (also based on earlier MS decision)
 - VAMOSC (actual data but time lag)
 - Dynamic (out year projections)
 - Trend Line such as FYDP
- Content of Baseline
 - Direct versus Indirect Costs (attribution versus allocation)
- Structure of Baseline
 - Army and Marines --> Force Structure
 - Navy and Air Force --> Weapon Systems

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Congressional Direction

- Congressional language of Section 816:
 - Designate 10 acquisition programs as Pilot Programs on program manager responsibility of product support.
- Congressional language of Section 912:
 - Submit a plan to streamline the acquisition organizations, workforce, and infrastructure of the Department of Defense.

